Claims Amendments

Please amend the claims as shown below:

1-13 (canceled)

14. (previously presented) A laminated core testing device to test a laminated core in a generator, comprising:

a field winding that lies in parallel with an axis of rotation of the generator and is connected to a device that produces alternating current;

an infrared image detection device that is designed to detect infrared radiation; and a high-voltage testing device configured to output a fundamental frequency and a power in single-phase form at an output voltage of at least 400 V that can be regulated, wherein the high-voltage testing device comprises a frequency converter for converting the fundamental frequency to a frequency that is greater than 50 Hz to energize the field winding at the greater frequency value and cause a thermal response indicative of at least one hot spot in the laminated core.

- 15. (cancelled).
- 16. (previously presented) The laminated core testing device as claimed in claim 14, wherein the high-voltage testing device has an input side which can be connected to a three-phase power supply.
- 17. (previously presented) The laminated core testing device as claimed in claim 16, wherein the three-phase power supply has a three-phase 400 V AC voltage.
- 18. (previously presented) The laminated core testing device as claimed in claim 14, wherein the high-voltage testing device makes available the electrical power at a frequency of greater than 400 Hz.

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19. (previously presented) The laminated core testing device as claimed in claim 14, wherein the field winding comprises at least two lines.

- 20. (previously presented) The laminated core testing device as claimed in claim 14, wherein the high-voltage testing device is in the form of a transportable device.
- 21. (previously presented) A high-voltage testing device for testing a laminated core in a generator, comprising:

a single-phase output signal that can be regulated; and

an output voltage of at least 400 V having a fundamental frequency, wherein the high-voltage testing device comprises a frequency converter for converting the fundamental frequency to a frequency that is greater than 50 Hz, wherein a field winding is energized at the greater frequency value to cause a thermal response indicative of at least one hot spot in the laminated core.

22. (cancelled)

- 23. (previously presented) The high-voltage testing device as claimed in claim 21, further comprising an input side that can be connected to a three-phase power supply.
- 24. (previously presented) The high-voltage testing device as claimed in claim 23, wherein the input side can be connected to a three-phase 400 V AC voltage.
- 25. (previously presented) The high-voltage testing device as claimed in claim 21, wherein electrical power at a frequency of greater than 400 Hz is made available.

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26. (currently amended) A method for testing for faults in a <u>laminated core stator</u> of a generator, comprising:

producing alternating current via a high-voltage testing device being connected to a field winding that lies in parallel with an axis of rotation of the generator;

detecting and recording infrared beams in the direction of the axis of rotation using an infrared image detection device,

making available power in a single phase form via a high-voltage testing device at a fundamental frequency and at an output voltage of at least 400 V that can be regulated;

converting the fundamental frequency to a frequency that is greater than 50 Hz;

energizing the field winding at the greater frequency value to cause a thermal response indicative of at least one hot spot in the laminated core;

inspecting a detected infrared recording for <u>said at least one hot spot hot-spots</u> which points towards faults in the <u>generatorlaminated core of the generator</u>.